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CONTENTS

Communist China: Efforts to reopen the schools are breaking down in many areas. (Page 3)

Rumania-USSR: Ceausescu visit does nothing to improve relations. (Page 6)

Yemen: Premier's resignation may reflect Egyptian pressure. (Page 7)

USSR - Eastern Europe: Support of Arabs (Page 8)

Dahomey: Weak new government (Page 8)

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/10/22 : CIA-RDP79T00975A010600160001-6

Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2002/10/22 : CIA-RDP79T00975A010600160001-6

25X1

Communist China: [The regime's recent efforts to reopen schools have broken down in many areas.]

[With few exceptions, schools at all levels were closed in June 1966 to release students for full time participation in the Cultural Revolution. In September and October 1967 the regime tried a variety of programs to get students to curb their disorderly "revolutionary" activities and return to school.]

25X1

[few schools actually have resumed classes.]

[Some major institutions, such as the large elite universities in Peking, show no signs of even attempting to resume classes.]

25X1

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[Many schools which did try to reopen were soon forced to close because of fighting among Red Guard factions. For example, the important Huanan Technical College in Canton opened on 28 November, but was closed nine days later when army troops were called in to stop student clashes. The same thing happened at the Wuhsi College of Light Industry in East China in mid-November.]

[It is now apparent that Peking, in ordering schools to reopen, failed to provide specific guidance on curriculum, textbooks, qualifications for new students, and authority of teachers. There has not even been an attempt to restore vandalized school facilities in many areas. As a result, the real situation contrasts sharply with Peking's propaganda, which tries to convey the impression that classes are gradually resuming everywhere.]

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19 Dec 67

3

25X1

The chances are slim that the Peking leadership can impel warring student factions to resume class-work before settling its own problems. The regime's failure to follow through on last fall's educational program suggests that top leaders are fully occupied with more pressing issues.

19 Dec 67

4

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/10/22 : CIA-RDP79T00975A010600160001-6

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

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Rumania-USSR: Major differences remain between the two countries in the wake of the official visit to Moscow on 14- 15 December of Rumanian party and state chief Ceausescu.

The communiqué ending the visit noted that the two merely "exchanged opinions" on the implementation of existing economic and trade agreements, one of the major issues believed to be dividing them. At the Rumanian national party conference on 6 December, Ceausescu, alluding to the USSR, charged that long-term economic agreements are sometimes not fully carried out in practice.

On other topics, such as Vietnam and Germany, the communiqué's language did not commit the Rumanians to support specific Soviet positions. In addition, the communiqué failed to mention the Middle East or an international Communist meeting, suggesting differences continue on these matters.

The only agreement apparently reached was that a Soviet party and government delegation will pay an official visit to Rumania "in 1968."

25X1

19 Dec 67

6

Yemen: Premier al-Aini, who had been absent from the country for some weeks, is reported to have resigned yesterday.

He has recommended that General Hasan al-Amri, the chief of staff, be asked to form a new cabinet. The resignation may reflect Egyptian pressure, since Nasir has long disliked al-Aini. A former ambassador to Washington, al-Aini is considered a liberal as well as an intellectual in Yemeni circles. His resignation will give conservative military and tribal elements a freer hand in the republican government.

Meanwhile, there has been little change in the military situation, and sporadic royalist pressure on a number of republican positions continues.

19 Dec 67

7

NOTES

25X1

USSR - Eastern Europe: The meeting of European Communist foreign ministers in Warsaw today is the fourth such attempt to put on a show of unified Communist support for the Arabs since the June war. The Soviets, who welcome any such opportunity to draw their European allies together, probably arranged the gathering. Moscow may want to stiffen the resolve of some of the European states who are only lukewarm toward backing the Arabs, particularly with material support. Soviet involvement in Yemen, a new element in the picture since the last meeting in September, will be the most topical of the current issues under discussion.

Dahomey: The new provisional government headed by Major Kouandete seems likely to be weak and ineffectual. The eight military men who dominate it have no political experience and probably will soon split along regional lines. Lt. Col. Alley, who was detained briefly, probably remains a power and may continue as chief of staff.

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